



STATE CIGARETTE EXCISE TAX RATES & RANKINGS

Average State Cigarette Tax: \$1.73 per pack*

State	Tax	Rank
Alabama	\$0.675	41st
Alaska	\$2.00	15th
Arizona	\$2.00	15th
Arkansas	\$1.15	34th
California	\$2.87	9th
Colorado	\$0.84	39th
Connecticut	\$4.35	1st
Delaware	\$2.10	14th
DC	\$2.50	13th
Florida	\$1.339	30th
Georgia	\$0.37	49th
Hawaii	\$3.20	5th
Idaho	\$0.57	45th
Illinois	\$1.98	20th
Indiana	\$0.995	38th
Iowa	\$1.36	29th
Kansas	\$1.29	32nd
Kentucky	\$1.10	35th

State	Tax	Rank
Louisiana	\$1.08	36th
Maine	\$2.00	15th
Maryland	\$2.00	15th
Massachusetts	\$3.51	4th
Michigan	\$2.00	15th
Minnesota	\$3.04	7th
Mississippi	\$0.68	40th
Missouri	\$0.17	51st
Montana	\$1.70	23rd
Nebraska	\$0.64	42nd
Nevada	\$1.80	21st
New Hampshire	\$1.78	22nd
New Jersey	\$2.70	10th
New Mexico	\$1.66	25th
New York	\$4.35	1st
North Carolina	\$0.45	47th
North Dakota	\$0.44	48th
Ohio	\$1.60	26th

State	Tax	Rank
Oklahoma	\$1.03	37th
Oregon	\$1.33	31st
Pennsylvania	\$2.60	11th
Rhode Island	\$4.25	3rd
South Carolina	\$0.57	45th
South Dakota	\$1.53	27th
Tennessee	\$0.62	43rd
Texas	\$1.41	28th
Utah	\$1.70	23rd
Vermont	\$3.08	6th
Virginia	\$0.30	50th
Washington	\$3.025	8th
West Virginia	\$1.20	33rd
Wisconsin	\$2.52	12th
Wyoming	\$0.60	44th
Puerto Rico	\$5.10	NA
Guam	\$3.00	NA
Northern Marianas	\$1.75	NA

Table shows all cigarette tax rates in effect as of July 1, 2018 (KY effective 7/1/18).* Since 2002, 48 states and the District of Columbia have increased their cigarette tax rates more than 130 times. The states in bold have not increased their tax for at least 10 years (since 2008 or earlier). Currently, 36 states, DC, Puerto Rico, the Northern Marianas, and Guam have cigarette tax rates of \$1.00 per pack or higher; 18 states, DC, Puerto Rico, and Guam have cigarette tax rates of \$2.00 per pack or higher; eight states, Puerto Rico and Guam have cigarette tax rates of \$3.00 per pack or higher; three states and Puerto Rico have cigarette tax rates of \$4.00 per pack or higher; and Puerto Rico has a cigarette tax rate higher than \$5.00. States' average includes DC, but not Puerto Rico, other U.S. territories, or local cigarette taxes. The median tax rate is \$1.60 per pack. AK, MI, MN, MS, TX, and UT also have special taxes or fees on brands of manufacturers not participating in the state tobacco lawsuit settlements (NPMs).

The highest combined state-local tax rate is \$6.16 in Chicago, IL, with New York City second at \$5.85 per pack. Other high state-local rates include Evanston, IL at \$5.48 and Juneau, AK at \$5.00 per pack. For more on local cigarette taxes, see: <http://tobaccofreekids.org/research/factsheets/pdf/0267.pdf>.

Federal cigarette tax is \$1.01 per pack. From the beginning of 1998 through 2002, the major cigarette companies increased the prices they charge by more than \$1.25 per pack (but also instituted aggressive retail-level discounting for competitive purposes and to reduce related consumption declines). In January 2003, Philip Morris instituted a 65-cent per pack price cut for four of its major brands, to replace its retail-level discounting and fight sales losses to discount brands, and R.J. Reynolds followed suit. In the last several years, the major cigarette companies have increased their product prices by almost \$1.00 per pack. **Nationally, estimated smoking-caused health costs and lost productivity totals \$19.16 per pack.**

The weighted average price for a pack of cigarettes nationwide is roughly \$6.34 (including statewide sales taxes but not local cigarette or sales taxes, other than NYC's \$1.50 per pack cigarette tax), with considerable state-to-state differences because of different state tax rates, and different manufacturer, wholesaler, and retailer pricing and discounting practices. AK, DE, MT, NH & OR have no state retail sales tax at all; OK has a state sales tax, but does not apply it to cigarettes; MN & DC apply a per-pack sales tax at the wholesale level; and AL, GA & MO (unlike the rest of the states) do not apply their state sales tax to that portion of retail cigarette prices that represents the state's cigarette excise tax.

Campaign for Tobacco-Free Kids, June 5, 2018 / Ann Boonn

For additional information see the Campaign's website at <https://tobaccofreekids.org/fact-sheets/tobacco-control-policies/tobacco-taxes>. Sources: Orzechowski & Walker, *Tax Burden on Tobacco*, 2016; media reports; state revenue department websites.

* Does not include OK's \$1.00 increase, which was enacted into law, but is being challenged and may be put on the November 2018 ballot before it can go into effect.