



## KEY STATE-SPECIFIC TOBACCO-RELATED DATA & RANKINGS

State	Adult Smoking Rate*	Adult Smoking Rank (1=low)	Pregnant Smoking Rate <sup>€</sup>	Youth Smoking Rate**	New Youth Smokers Per Year	Annual Adult Smoking Deaths (approx.)	Kids Now Alive Who Will Become Smokers	Kids Now Alive Who Will Die From Smoking	Smoking Caused Health Costs (millions)	Cigarette Tax <sup>†</sup> (per pack)	Cigarette Tax Rank (1 = high)	FY 2017 Funding for State TC Programs (millions)	Tobacco Prevention Spending % of CDC Target
<b>All States</b>	<b>15.1%</b>	<i>///</i>	<b>8.4%</b>	8.0%	<b>153,000</b>	<b>480,000<sup>‡</sup></b>	<b>17+ mill.</b>	<b>5.6 mill.</b>	<b>\$170 bill.</b>	<b>\$1.71</b>	<i>///</i>	<b>\$491.6</b>	<b>14.9%</b>
Alabama	21.4%	42nd	10.8%	<b>14.0%</b>	2,900	8,600	336,200	108,000	\$1.88 bill.	\$0.675	40th	\$1.5	2.7%
Alaska	19.1%	35th	13.3%	<b>11.1%</b>	300	600	43,600	14,000	\$438	<b>\$2.00</b>	<b>15th</b>	\$9.5	93.0%
Arizona	14.0%	6th	5.4%	<b>10.1%</b>	3,100	8,300	359,800	115,000	\$2.38 bill.	<b>\$2.00</b>	<b>15th</b>	\$18.4	28.6%
Arkansas	24.9%	49th	15.0%	<b>15.7%</b>	1,800	5,800	214,700	69,000	\$1.21 bill.	\$1.15	34th	\$9.0	24.5%
California	11.7%	2nd	1.8%	4.3%	12,100	40,000	1,376,800	441,000	\$13.29 bill.	\$2.87	9th	\$75.7	21.8%
Colorado	15.6%	15th	6.7%	8.6%	2,400	5,100	283,200	91,000	\$1.89 bill.	<b>\$0.84</b>	<b>38th</b>	\$23.2	43.8%
Connecticut	13.5%	3rd	7.0%	<b>10.3%</b>	1,500	4,900	175,400	56,000	\$2.03 bill.	\$3.90	3rd	\$0.0	0.0%
Delaware	17.4%	25th	10.8%	<b>9.9%</b>	400	1,400	53,700	17,000	\$532	\$2.10	14th	\$6.4	48.9%
DC	16.0%	18th	2.6%	<b>12.5%</b>	100	800	22,300	7,000	\$391	\$2.50	13th	\$1.0	9.3%
Florida	15.8%	16th	6.4%	5.2%	7,400	32,300	844,500	270,000	\$8.64 bill.	\$1.339	30th	\$67.8	34.9%
Georgia	17.7%	28th	6.5%	<b>12.8%</b>	5,600	11,700	637,500	204,000	\$3.18 bill.	<b>\$0.37</b>	<b>49th</b>	\$1.8	1.7%
Hawaii	14.1%	8th	<b>5.0%</b>	<b>9.7%</b>	500	1,400	67,000	21,000	\$526	\$3.20	5th	\$5.3	38.6%
Idaho	13.8%	5th	10.7%	<b>9.7%</b>	800	1,800	94,300	30,000	\$508	<b>\$0.57</b>	<b>45th</b>	\$2.9	18.4%
Illinois	15.1%	10th	6.8%	<b>10.1%</b>	6,300	18,300	720,100	230,000	\$5.49 bill.	\$1.98	20th	\$9.1	6.7%
Indiana	20.6%	40th	15.1%	12.0%	4,100	11,100	471,100	151,000	\$2.93 bill.	\$0.995	<b>37th</b>	\$5.9	8.0%
Iowa	18.1%	30th	14.6%	<b>18.1%</b>	1,500	5,100	172,100	55,000	\$1.28 bill.	<b>\$1.36</b>	<b>29th</b>	\$5.2	17.4%
Kansas	17.7%	28th	12.0%	<b>10.2%</b>	1,600	4,400	191,200	61,000	\$1.12 bill.	\$1.29	32nd	\$847,041	3.0%
Kentucky	25.9%	51st	20.7%	<b>16.9%</b>	3,200	8,900	371,700	119,000	\$1.92 bill.	\$0.60	43rd	\$2.4	4.2%
Louisiana	21.9%	44th	7.4%	<b>12.1%</b>	2,700	7,200	307,400	98,000	\$1.89 bill.	\$1.08	35th	\$7.0	11.7%

\* Due to changes in CDC's methodology, these state-specific adult smoking rates cannot be compared to data prior to 2011.

<sup>€</sup> Pregnant smoking rate for most recent year available. In regular type from 2014 birth certificate data. Smoking = smoked at any point during pregnancy. In **bold** type from 2011 Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System (PRAMS) survey. Smoking=smoked during the last 3 months of pregnancy. Data in *italics* (CT only) the 2002 PRAMS. Smoking = smoked at any point during pregnancy.

\*\* Youth smoking rate from most recent year available; in **bold** type from the Youth Risk Behavioral Surveillance (YRBS); in regular type from Youth Tobacco Surveillance (YTS); and in *italics* from state-specific surveys. OR data are for 11<sup>th</sup> grade only. WA data are for 10<sup>th</sup> grade only. Because of different surveys and years, state rankings based on youth smoking cannot be done.

<sup>†</sup> Tax rates shown in **bold** have not been increased for at least 10 years (since 2006 or earlier). "All states" is the state tax average.

<sup>‡</sup> Includes deaths caused by cigarette smoking but not deaths caused by other forms of combustible tobacco or smokeless tobacco products, which are expected to be in the thousands per year. National data includes deaths attributable to exposure to secondhand smoke; state-specific data do not.

<sup>§</sup> NA = not available. State budget for FY2016 was not available at time report went to press.

State	Adult Smoking Rate <sup>a</sup>	Adult Smoking Rank (1=low)	Pregnant Smoking Rate <sup>e</sup>	Youth Smoking Rate <sup>**</sup>	New Youth Smokers Per Year	Annual Adult Smoking Deaths (approx.)	Kids Now Alive Who Will Become Smokers	Kids Now Alive Who Will Die From Smoking	Smoking Caused Health Costs (millions)	Cigarette Tax <sup>†</sup> (per pack)	Cigarette Tax Rank (1 = high)	FY 2017 Funding for State TC Programs (millions)	Tobacco Prevention Spending % of CDC Target
Maine	19.5%	37th	16.5%	<b>11.2%</b>	700	2,400	84,300	27,000	\$811	<b>\$2.00</b>	<b>15th</b>	\$7.8	49.1%
Maryland	15.1%	10th	7.0%	<b>8.7%</b>	2,500	7,500	288,900	92,000	\$2.71 bill.	\$2.00	15th	\$10.6	22.0%
Massachusetts	14.0%	6th	6.2%	<b>7.7%</b>	2,800	9,300	322,300	103,000	\$4.08 bill.	\$3.51	4th	\$3.9	5.8%
Michigan	20.7%	41st	13.3%	<b>10.0%</b>	5,800	16,200	666,500	213,000	\$4.59 bill.	<b>\$2.00</b>	<b>15th</b>	\$1.6	1.4%
Minnesota	16.2%	20th	9.8%	10.6%	2,800	5,900	319,000	102,000	\$2.51 bill.	\$3.04	7th	\$22.0	41.7%
Mississippi	22.5%	48th	11.2%	<b>15.2%</b>	1,800	5,400	213,900	68,000	\$1.23 bill.	\$0.68	39th	\$10.7	29.4%
Missouri	22.3%	47th	16.7%	<b>11.0%</b>	3,500	11,000	398,600	128,000	\$3.03 bill.	<b>\$0.17</b>	<b>51st</b>	\$109,341	0.1%
Montana	18.9%	33rd	15.9%	<b>13.1%</b>	500	1,600	59,000	19,000	\$440	<b>\$1.70</b>	<b>23rd</b>	\$6.4	44.1%
Nebraska	17.1%	22nd	11.4%	<b>13.3%</b>	1,000	2,500	118,600	38,000	\$795	<b>\$0.64</b>	<b>41st</b>	\$2.6	12.4%
Nevada	17.5%	26th	5.1%	<b>7.5%</b>	1,100	4,100	128,700	41,000	\$1.08 bill.	\$1.80	21st	\$1.0	3.3%
N. Hampshire	15.9%	17th	13.7%	<b>9.3%</b>	500	1,900	67,900	22,000	\$729	\$1.78	22nd	\$125,000	0.8%
New Jersey	13.5%	3rd	<b>5.7%</b>	<b>8.2%</b>	3,900	11,800	445,800	143,000	\$4.06 bill.	\$2.70	10th	\$0.0	0.0%
New Mexico	17.5%	26th	6.8%	<b>11.4%</b>	1,000	2,600	124,500	40,000	\$844	\$1.66	25th	\$5.7	24.9%
New York	15.2%	12th	5.4%	4.3%	7,600	28,200	873,900	280,000	\$10.39 bill.	\$4.35	1st	\$39.3	19.4%
North Carolina	19.0%	34th	9.8%	<b>13.1%</b>	4,900	14,200	562,500	180,000	\$3.81 bill.	\$0.45	47th	\$1.1	1.1%
North Dakota	18.7%	32nd	14.5%	<b>11.7%</b>	300	1,000	43,400	14,000	\$326	<b>\$0.44</b>	<b>48th</b>	\$9.9	100.9%
Ohio	21.6%	43rd	16.3%	<b>15.1%</b>	7,100	20,200	809,800	259,000	\$5.64 bill.	\$1.60	26th	\$13.5	10.3%
Oklahoma	22.2%	46th	13.1%	14.6%	2,400	7,500	275,600	88,000	\$1.62 bill.	<b>\$1.03</b>	<b>36th</b>	\$23.5	55.6%
Oregon	17.1%	22nd	10.3%	8.3%	1,800	5,500	213,400	68,000	\$1.54 bill.	\$1.32	31st	\$9.8	25.0%
Pennsylvania	18.1%	30th	13.7%	<b>12.9%</b>	6,700	22,000	761,500	244,000	\$6.38 bill.	\$2.60	11th	\$13.9	9.9%
Rhode Island	15.5%	14th	<b>9.7%</b>	<b>4.8%</b>	400	1,800	48,700	16,000	\$640	\$4.25	2nd	\$375,622	2.9%
South Carolina	19.7%	38th	11.2%	<b>9.6%</b>	2,800	7,200	322,900	103,000	\$1.90 bill.	\$0.57	45th	\$5.0	9.8%
South Dakota	20.1%	39th	14.8%	<b>10.1%</b>	500	1,300	65,700	21,000	\$373	<b>\$1.53</b>	<b>27th</b>	\$4.5	38.5%
Tennessee	21.9%	44th	14.9%	<b>11.5%</b>	3,400	11,400	391,400	125,000	\$2.67 bill.	<b>\$0.62</b>	<b>42nd</b>	\$1.1	1.5%
Texas	15.2%	12th	3.9%	10.6%	13,700	28,000	1,557,800	498,000	\$8.85 bill.	<b>\$1.41</b>	<b>28th</b>	\$10.2	3.9%
Utah	9.1%	1st	3.9%	<b>4.4%</b>	1,000	1,300	120,800	39,000	\$542	\$1.70	23rd	\$7.5	38.9%
Vermont	16.0%	18th	16.8%	<b>10.8%</b>	200	1,000	31,500	10,000	\$348	\$3.08	6th	\$3.4	40.2%
Virginia	16.5%	21st	7.8%	<b>8.2%</b>	4,100	10,300	469,800	150,000	\$3.11 bill.	<b>\$0.30</b>	<b>50th</b>	\$8.2	9.0%
Washington	15.0%	9th	8.0%	7.9%	2,800	8,300	324,900	104,000	\$2.81 bill.	\$3.025	8th	\$2.3	3.6%
West Virginia	25.7%	50th	27.1%	<b>18.8%</b>	1,300	4,300	147,900	47,000	\$1.00 bill.	\$1.20	33rd	\$3.0	11.1%
Wisconsin	17.3%	24th	13.1%	8.1%	2,900	7,900	332,000	106,000	\$2.66 bill.	\$2.52	12th	\$5.3	9.2%
Wyoming	19.1%	35th	16.9%	<b>15.7%</b>	300	800	37,800	12,000	\$258	<b>\$0.60</b>	<b>43rd</b>	\$4.2	49.4%

## Sources for Table

**Adult Smoking Rates.** National rate from CDC, "Current Cigarette Smoking Among Adults—United States, 2005-2015," *Morbidity & Mortality Weekly Report*, 65(44): 1205-1211, November 11, 2016, [http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/65/wr/mm6544a2.htm?s\\_cid=mm6544a2\\_w](http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/65/wr/mm6544a2.htm?s_cid=mm6544a2_w). State smoking rates from 2015 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) data available online from State Tobacco Activities Tracking and Evaluation (STATE) System.

**Pregnancy and Smoking Data.** National rate from CDC, "Smoking Prevalence and Cessation Before and During Pregnancy: Data from the Birth Certificate, 2014," National Vital Statistics Reports, 65(1), February 10, 2016, [http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/nvsr/nvsr65/nvsr65\\_01.pdf](http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/nvsr/nvsr65/nvsr65_01.pdf). State-specific rates for smoking in regular text from: CDC, "Smoking Prevalence and Cessation Before and During Pregnancy: Data from the Birth Certificate, 2014," National Vital Statistics Reports, 65(1), February 10, 2016, [http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/nvsr/nvsr65/nvsr65\\_01.pdf](http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/nvsr/nvsr65/nvsr65_01.pdf). State-specific rates for smoking among pregnant women in **bold** from: CDC, PRAMS 2011 online data: <http://www.cdc.gov/prams/pramstat/>. State-specific rates for smoking among pregnant women in italic type from: CDC, "Smoking During Pregnancy—United States, 1990-2002," *MMWR* 53(39):911-15, October 8, 2004, <http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/PDF/wk/mm5339.pdf>.

**Youth Smoking Rates.** National rate from the 2016 National Youth Tobacco Survey (NYTS). State youth smoking rates from most recent years available; in bold type from the Youth Risk Behavioral Surveillance (YRBS); in regular type from Youth Tobacco Surveillance (YTS); and in italics from state-specific surveys. OR data are for 11<sup>th</sup> grade only. WA data are for 10<sup>th</sup> grade only. Because of different surveys and years, state rankings based on youth smoking cannot be done.

**New Regular Daily Smokers Each Year.** Estimate based on U.S. Dept of Health & Human Services (HHS), Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA), HHS, *Results from the 2015 National Survey on Drug Use and Health, NSDUH: Detailed Tables*, 2016. [http://www.samhsa.gov/data/sites/default/files/NSDUH-DetTabs-2015/NSDUH-DetTabs-2015.pdf](http://www.samhsa.gov/data/sites/default/files/NSDUH-DetTabs-2015/NSDUH-DetTabs-2015/NSDUH-DetTabs-2015.pdf). State-specific numbers based on each state's share of the national number.

**Smoking-Caused Deaths.** Includes deaths caused by cigarette smoking but not deaths caused by other forms of combustible tobacco or smokeless tobacco products, which are expected to be in the thousands per year. National data includes deaths attributable to exposure to secondhand smoke; state-specific data do not. HHS, *The Health Consequences of Smoking—50 Years of Progress: A Report of the Surgeon General*, 2014, <http://www.surgeongeneral.gov/library/reports/50-years-of-progress>. State estimates of smoking-attributable deaths: CDC, *Best Practices for Comprehensive Tobacco Control Programs—2014*, [http://www.cdc.gov/tobacco/stateandcommunity/best\\_practices/](http://www.cdc.gov/tobacco/stateandcommunity/best_practices/). **Projected youth smoking deaths.** HHS, *The Health Consequences of Smoking—50 Years of Progress: A Report of the Surgeon General*, 2014, <http://www.surgeongeneral.gov/library/reports/50-years-of-progress>.

**Kids Who Will Become Smokers.** HHS, *The Health Consequences of Smoking—50 Years of Progress: A Report of the Surgeon General*, 2014, <http://www.surgeongeneral.gov/library/reports/50-years-of-progress>.

**Smoking-Caused Health Care Costs.** CDC, *Best Practices for Comprehensive Tobacco Control Programs—2014*, [http://www.cdc.gov/tobacco/stateandcommunity/best\\_practices/](http://www.cdc.gov/tobacco/stateandcommunity/best_practices/). See also Xu, X., et al., "Annual Healthcare Spending Attributable to Cigarette Smoking: An Update," *Am J Prev Med*, 2014. State estimates in 2009 dollars; national estimate in 2010 dollars. Health costs do not include estimated annual costs from lost productivity due to premature death and exposure to secondhand smoke. For other non-health care smoking-caused costs, see, e.g., U.S. Department of the Treasury, *The Economic Costs of Smoking in the U.S. and the Benefits of Comprehensive Tobacco Legislation*, 1998; Chaloupka, FJ & Warner, KE, "The Economics of Smoking," in Culyer, A & Newhouse, J (eds), *The Handbook of Health Economics*, 2000; Leistikow, BN, et al., "Estimates of Smoking-Attributable Deaths at Ages 15-54, Motherless or Fatherless Youths, and Resulting Social Security Costs in the United States in 1994," *Preventive Medicine* 30:353-60, 2000.

**State Cigarette Tax Rates.** Tax rates and state average in effect as of 9/1/2017 (DE effective 9/1/17). Orzechowski & Walker, *Tax Burden on Tobacco*, 2015 [annual report funded by the three major cigarette companies] with updates from media reports, state revenue offices. Tax rates shown in **bold** have not been increased for at least 10 years (since 2007 or earlier).

**State Spending to Prevent and Reduce Tobacco Use.** Campaign for Tobacco-Free Kids, et al., *Broken Promises to Our Children: A State-by-State Look at the 1998 State Tobacco Settlement 18 Years Later*, December 14, 2016, <http://www.tobaccofreekids.org/microsites/statereport2017/>. CDC recommendations for the amounts states should spend to prevent and reduce tobacco use from CDC, *Best Practices for Comprehensive Tobacco Control—2014*, [http://www.cdc.gov/tobacco/stateandcommunity/best\\_practices/](http://www.cdc.gov/tobacco/stateandcommunity/best_practices/).